Due Tuesday July 16, 2019, at 24:00 Kathmandu time

- 1. Consider the field $K = \mathbf{Q}(\zeta_5, \sqrt[3]{2})$.
 - (a) Show that K admits subfields of degrees 3 and 4.
 - (b) Determine $[K : \mathbf{Q}]$.
- 2. Consider the field $K = \mathbf{Q}(\zeta_{12}, \sqrt[4]{3})$.
 - (a) Show that K admits at least two distinct subfields of degree 4.
 - (b) Determine $[K : \mathbf{Q}]$.
- 3. Consider the field $K = \mathbf{Q}(\zeta_{13})$.

How many distinct subfields of K are there?

Justify all answers!